Changing Commercial Fishing Personal Flotation Use Behavior

What can we learn from efforts to address the most important safety technology adoption challenge of our time?

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Alaskan Commercial Fishermen: Perceptions and Evaluations of PFDs

A Decade of Research, Outputs, and Impact

Jennifer M. Lincoln

NIOSH Center for Maritime Safety and Health Studies



Target Population: Alaskan Fishermen, Crabbers, Longliners, Trawlers, Gillnetters

- Falls overboard is the second leading cause of death for Alaska fishermen
- During 1990–2009
 - 87 crewmembers
 - none were wearing a PFD.







"Why doesn't someone buy a bunch of PFDs and see what fishermen like to wear?" - Jimmy Ruhle, Trawler Captain, North Carolina





Study Objectives:

Study Objective #1:

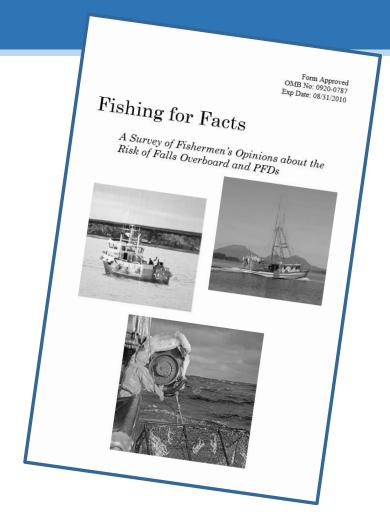
Measure perceptions of risks for falling overboard and beliefs about PFDs

Study Objective #2: Evaluate new styles and types of PFDs





Phase I: Survey



400 surveyed-- cross-sectional to measure:

- Perceptions of risk
- Attitudes/beliefs about PFDs
- Experiences with falls overboard







Phase II: PFD Evaluations

- 208 Wore the PFD for one month
- Completed evaluation form after day 1 & after day 30
- 9 item scale:

Weight	Tightness	Bulkiness
Chafing skin	Donning	Cleaning
Interfering with work	Constricting motion	Snagging gear



Unexpected Findings

Overwhelming desire to participate!

- Response Rate
 - 89% at Day 1
 - 68% at Day 30





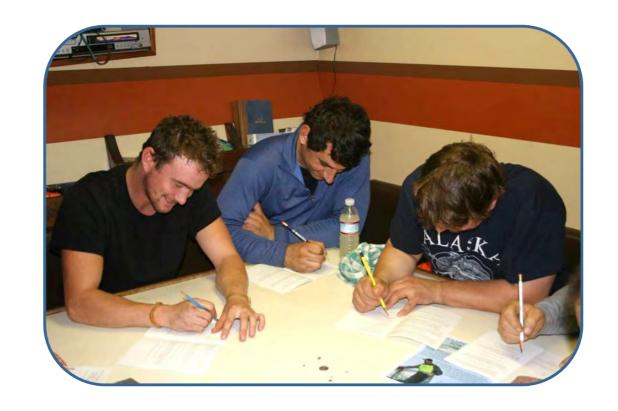
Phase I: Survey Results

How much do you worry about falling overboard?

24% "very much" 5% "not at all"

What do you think are the chances that you will fall overboard during your fishing career?

35% (mean)





Phase I: Survey Results

How effective are PFDs (if worn) for surviving a fall overboard?

85% "fairly or very effective"

Wearing PFDs...

2% "shows weakness" 83% "smart thing to do"





Phase II: PFD Evaluation Results

	Crabbers (n=38)	Gillnetters (n=36)	Longliners (n=24)	Trawlers (n=47)
PFD with highest satisfaction score	WORK VEST	R	LI VIST LIST LIST LIST LIST LIST LIST LIST L	WORK VEST
Acceptable PFDs based on evaluation scores			R	



Barriers to Adoption

- Did not know about innovative PFDs
- Innovative PFDs weren't available in local retail outlets
- Wearing a PFD is not a regulatory requirement

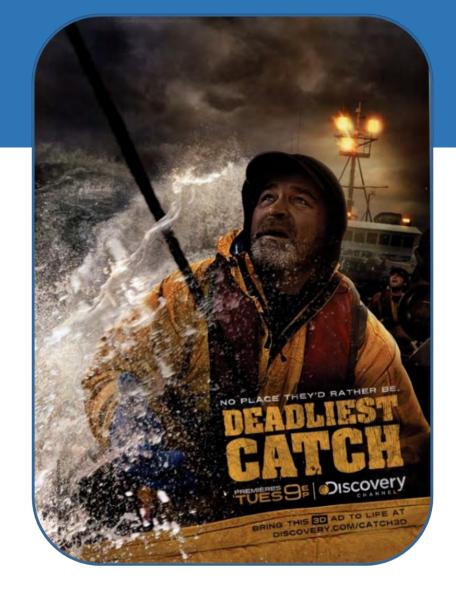




Motivators to Adoption

- Policies changed aboard participating fishing vessels
 - F/V Wizard, Deadliest Catch-- 100% PFD policy
 - F/V Bristol Mariner, F/V Aleutian Mariner, and 6 other "Mariner" vessels purchased PFDs for all crew
 - Alaska Scallopers Association-- 100% PFD policy, member vessels
 - Trident Seafoods

 100% PFD policy-- contracted crab vessels





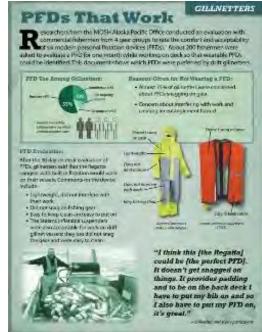
Efforts to Address Barriers: Increase Knowledge

PFDs That Work: Fact sheet series



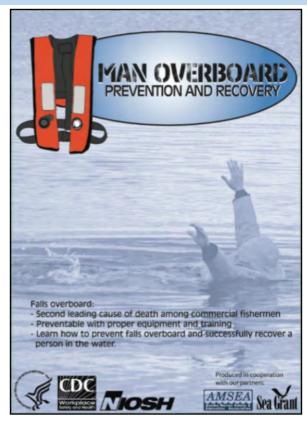








Efforts to Address Barriers: Dispel Misconceptions



YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch ?v=YT17QGVd4jc





NIOSH Website: https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/video/2014-115
YouTube - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuFo6lIqTNM



Efforts to Address Barriers: Dispel Misconceptions







www.livetobesalty.org @livetobesalty

Angus Iversen

Efforts to Address Barriers: Increase Innovation

"Rogue" Tactical Deck Vest

- We shared fishermen comments with PFD manufacturers
- Field-tested for continuous wear and further adjusted based on feedback
- 12 lbs./50N of flotation
- Released November 2014





Any Progress?

PFD Use	2008 Survey	2014 Survey
Never Wear	16%	16%
Sometimes Wear	51%	24%
Frequently Wear	12%	8%
Always Wear	22%	52 %

 $X^2 = 22.5$; p < 0.001



Three key observations which are vitally important to increasing PFD use.

- Encourage owners/skippers to create
 PFD policies on their vessels
- Personal preference-- critical factor despite results from gear types
- PFDs and communications must be tailored to individual gear types





Partner Studies

 Replicated PFD study on West Coast Dungeness Crab fishermen

 Partner studies in the Gulf of Mexico and on the East Coast





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The Scottish PFD Project

Derek Cardno

Scottish Fishermen's Federation Marine Safety and Training Officer





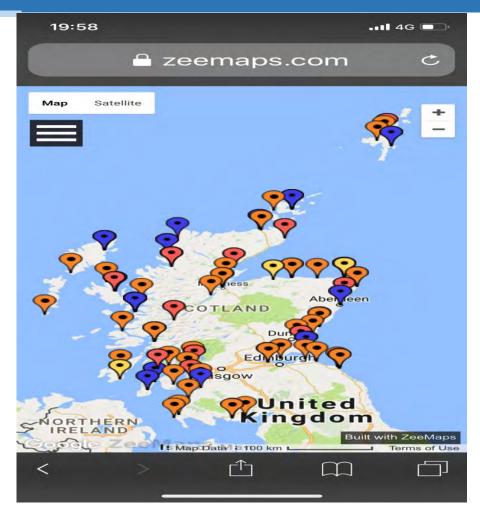
OUR GOAL FOR THE SCOTTISH PROJECT

- Give every fisherman in Scotland with the correct mandatory certificates a free PFD
- Offer guidance and instructions to every PFD handover to stimulate a fishing safety discussions
- Give the Scottish industry the chance to change without the need for regulations



RESEARCH AND METHODS

 Before the project started in 2012





RESEARCH AND METHODS

- During the project
- Since the project finished







DID WE REACH THE FLEET











IFISH5: International Fishing Industry Safety & Health Conference









Dougie Brown lived to tell the tale

• "I am certain that without that buoyancy I wouldn't have had the presence of mind to look around and grab the buoy rope as my attention would otherwise have been engaged in frantically trying to remain afloat and losing vital body heat and energy in the process," said Dougie.





Conference

MOTIVATORS TO ADOPTION OF WEARING A PFD

- Pending legal requirement
- Documented loss of life due to MOB's
- Commitment to crew mates
- Family responsibilities
- Severity of not being able to survive for long in the sea



ADOPTION BARRIERS

- Not having the legal certificates
- The product
- Inaccurate messages
- Older crew mates
- Complacency



TACKLING ADOPTION ISSUES

- Not having the legal certificates
- The product
- Inaccurate messages
- Older crew mates
- Complacency



Key observations which are vitally important regarding PFD use

- 1. Accept the mentality of fishermen and work with them
- 2. Give fishermen the ability to risk assess themselves out of ending up in the water
- 3. Show/explain to fishermen the need to wear a flotation garment
- 4. Promote the facts on training courses that flotation products only buy you a little time but vital time
- 5. Professionalism and consumer expectations
- 6. Be honest with fishermen



WAS THE PROJECT A SUCCESS?



Changing Commercial Fishing Personal Flotation Use Behavior

What can we learn from efforts to address the most important safety technology adoption challenge of our time?





"Do as they say, not as they do."

Battling the Contradictions of PFD Use - The Case of Newfoundland & Labrador

Mark Dolomount, Executive Director

Newfoundland & Labrador Professional Fish Harvesters Certification Board





The NL Target Population

- Approximately 9,300 fish harvesters (3,700 enterprise owners and 5,600 crewmembers.
- Approximately 3,000 enterprises <40' and 700 >40'.
- Mainly owner-operated, multi-species enterprises.
- Most enterprises (even those >40') operate a small open vessel at some point during the season.
- Approximately 20% female
- 60% over the age of 50
- Less than 20% under the age of 40



A Province Haunted by Tragedy at Sea



- While we have seen major improvements in safety over the past two decades, the fatality statistics remain staggering!
- 60 fatalities* in the NL fishing industry from 2002-present.
- The statistics prior to 2002 were even worse.

Professional

Fish Harvesters
 Certification Board

NEWFOUNDLAND & LABRADOR

 Widely accepted that PFD's could have made a difference in many of these cases.

The Contradictions of PFD Usage Attitudes vs Practices



- 1995 study of attitudes and practices among NL fish harvesters (Murray & Dolomount) found:
 - 67% agreed that PFD's should be worn at all times.
 - Only 19% of the same respondents "Always" wore a PFD. And only 31% wore one "Always" or "Often".
- A 2014 survey of NL fish harvesters found that 80% of respondents agree that PFD's should be worn at all times.
- Yet, it is estimated that the PFD usage rate is approximately 50%*.

The Contradictions of PFD Usage Common Reasons for Non-Usage



- It won't happen to me.
- A PFD will only prolong the inevitable.
- I can't work in it.
- False activations (with inflatables) are common.
- Wearing a PFD can be more dangerous than not wearing one.
- I'm a strong swimmer (or operate near shore), I don't need one.



The Contradictions of PFD Usage Other Contributors to Non-Usage



- The cost mainly in the case of newer inflatables.
- The lack of legislative requirements/enforcement.
- Age Old habits (often) die hard!
- Until recently, the lack of integrated technology to allow for reliable distress signaling from small open vessels.
- Not enough (widespread and constant) promotion/information.



Motivating PFD Usage Contributors to Increased Usage



- Advances in PFD technology more "workable" options.
- The introduction of mandatory MED training.
- New information about cold water immersion/shock.
- The presence and influence of family members (wives and children).

Fish Harvesters
 Certification Board

- A growing industry-wide safety culture, including acceptance of PFD's.
- Promotion and constant reminding!



 NL Initiatives to promote PFD use among fish harvesters have been led by industry organizations:



• FFAW — Beginning in the late 1980's



PFHCB – Beginning in 1997



NL-FHSA - NL-FHSA - Beginning in 2013

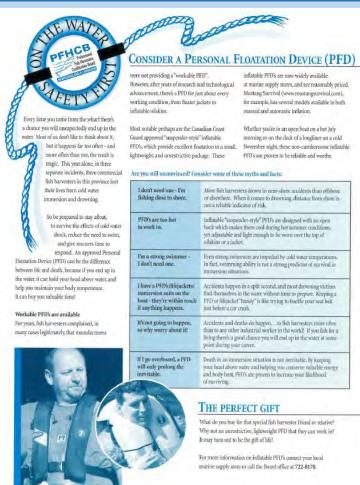




FISH FOOD & ALLIED WORKERS (FFAW)

- In the late 1980's the FFAW first got involved with the Canadian Standards Board, bringing fish harvester input to lifejacket standards & other approved products.
- Members, and "safety pioneers", G. Chafe and C. Roberts received the TC National Marine Safety Award for their work in promoting fisheries safety, including PFD use.
- The Lifeline Safety Course, brought safety training to the community level for the first time at scale in the early 1990's.





PROFESSIONAL FISH HARVESTERS CERTIFICATION BOARD

- In 1997 NL introduced Canada's first professional certification/professionalization system for fish harvesters.
- TC MED training delivered to more than 13,000 harvesters over a 15 year period, promoting PFD's, a better understanding of SAR, and dispelling many myths of PFD use and cold water immersion.
- PFHCB began formal promotion of PFD's, and disseminating relevant information.
- Noticeable improvement in safety culture!





NL FISH HARVESTING SAFETY ASSOCIATION

- Established in 2013, the NL-FHSA identified PFD promotion as one of the Association's priorities, and has taken action!
- NL-FHSA's PFD initiatives represent NL's first true sustained PFD intervention for the fishing industry.
- The NL-FHSA's PFD campaign utilizes a number of media:
 - Promotional Print Ads
 - Promotional Radio Ads
 - News Stories/Advertorials
 - Social Media
 - Promotional Paraphernalia









Three Key Observations Vitally Important to Increasing PFD Use.

- 1. PFD's **WILL SAVE LIVES**, especially when combined/integrated with effective distress signaling.
- 2. While legislation/regulation in Canada is moving toward mandatory PFD requirements, the true key to increased use is buy-in and self promotion by fish harvesters themselves!
- 3. Improvements in an industry-wide safety culture (safety training, safety drills, safety procedures, etc.), have a positive impact on acceptance and use of PFD's.

Thank You!

Mark Dolomount

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709-722-8170



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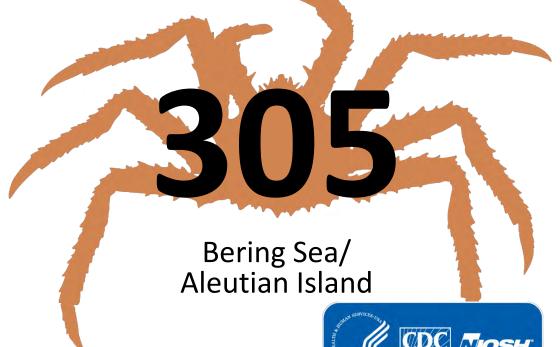
Oregon Crab Fishing Safety Assessment

Gerry Croteau, University of Washington, DEOHS Erika Zoller, Oregon Health & Science University, CROET Jennifer Lincoln and Ted Teske, NIOSH, Western States Division

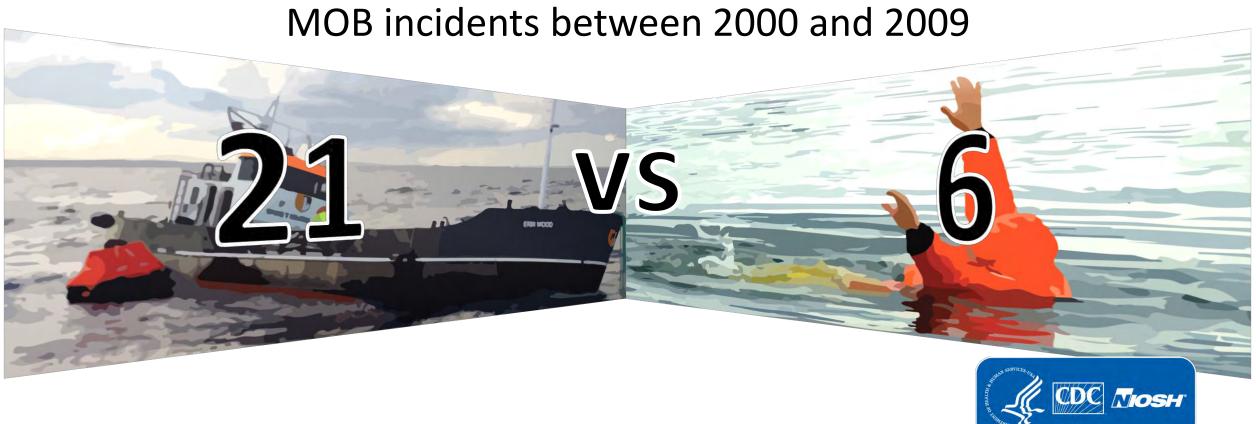


From 2000-2006, West Coast Dungeness crab fishery had a higher fatality rate* than Bering Sea Aleutian Island crab fishery





Vessel disasters caused more fatalities than



60%

Of fatal disasters occurred while crossing the bar or being struck by a large wave





None of the MOB victims were wearing a PFD when they drowned.

None of the vessel disaster victims were able to make it to a life raft.



Intervention Objectives:

The purpose of the study was to survey the fishermen's experiences and views related to five areas of concern:

- 1. PFD use,
- bar crossings,
- 3. vessel stability reports,
- 4. US Coast Guard dockside examinations, and
- safety training and readiness.



Research Methods:

Two Phase Project: Survey and Evaluation

Modeled after NIOSH PFD study in Alaska

- Assessed beliefs, perceptions, and attitudes related to PFDs (as well as bar crossings and vessel stability)
 - 34 question paper survey for crew, 46 question survey for skippers

- Evaluated five different PFD models in actual working conditions
 - Mail-in evaluation after Day 1 and Day 30



Regatta
Oilskins
11.2lbs/50N



Kokatat Bahia 38lb/170N



Stearns I424 15.5lbs/70N



Mustang MD 3025 38lbs/170N



Mustang MD3188 38lbs/170N





Barriers to Life Jacket Adoption

Condition	Captain (n=24)	Crew (n=59)
Interfere with movement	50.0%	64.2%
Uncomfortable	50.0%	23.2%
Increase entanglement risk	29.1%	32.1%
Use survival suit instead	29.1%	17.8%
Feel foolish	4.1%	1.7%
Peer pressure	4.1%	0%
Cost	\$100 - \$150 (52.3%)	\$50 - \$100 (42.8%)



Potential Motivators to Life Jacket Adoption

Condition	Captain (n=24)	Crew (n=59)
Storm or high seas	58.3%	62.0%
Emergency	58.3%	51.7%
Bar crossing	29.1%	20.6%



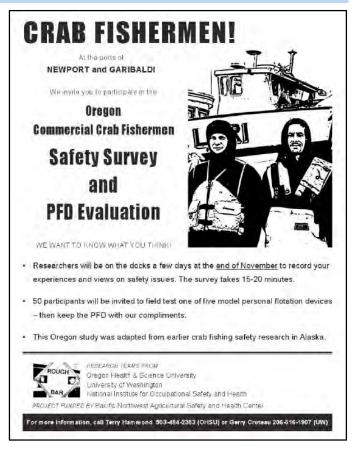
PFDs in Actual Use

Evaluation Results

- No perfect PFD for Dungy fishing
- Inflatable suspenders highest rated
 - Snagging was biggest issue
- Foam kayak vest lowest rated
 - Cut of the vest increased bulk









Seasons Greetings!

Thanks for completing our Crab Fishing Safety Survey and volunteering to evaluate the PFD we provided you. We appreciate your efforts. We want to remind you to use your PFD and complete the survey forms we provided after one day and 30 days of use.

We wish you a safe and prosperous crab fishing season and look forward to tasting your bounty!

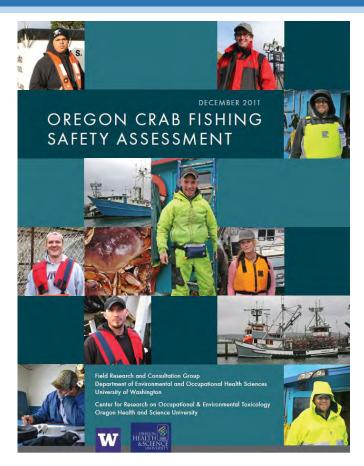
If you need a survey form or other information please contact us:

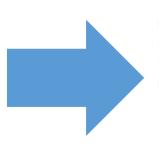
Gerry Croteau, UW/FRCG 4225 Roosevelt Way NE, Suite 100 Seattle, WA, 98105-6099 (206) 616-1907

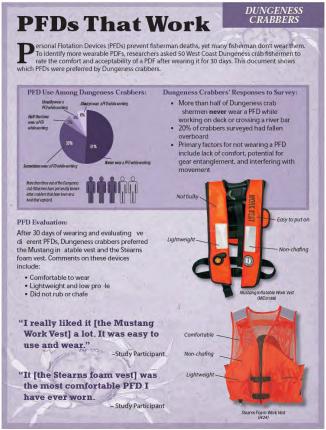
Pre-survey

Post-survey









Final Report

Fact Sheet



PFD Rebate Program





Operation Safe Crab

 Annual pre-season dockside safety inspection program by USCG.

Bar Crossing Policy

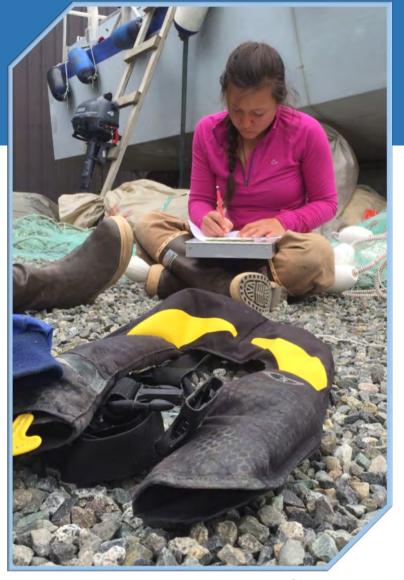
- Lowered threshold for closing bar crossing in bad weather
- Make motor life boats available to assist transiting vessels





Three Main Takeaways

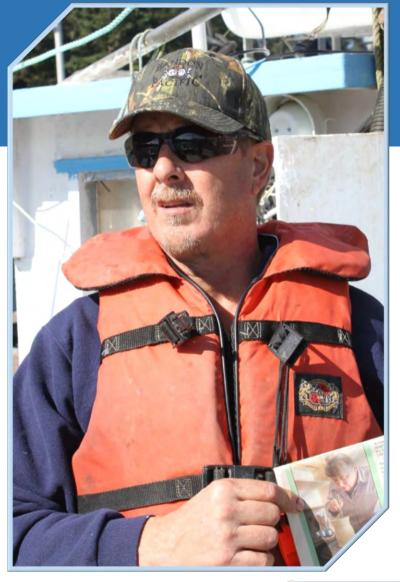
Keep Assessing New Fisheries





Three Main Takeaways

Celebrate **PFD** Successes





Three Main Takeaways

You're Floating, Now What?



Dungeness Crab MOB Resources

UW/OHSU Study:

http://deohs.washington.edu/pnash/pnash/OR_fisherman_pfd

NIOSH Dungeness Crab Fact Sheet:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/2015-180/pdfs/2015-180.pdf

Fishing Safety Success Story: My Life Vest Saved Me

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HuZPoUjj0vU





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Royal National Lifeboat Institution



PFD Sustained Behavior Change









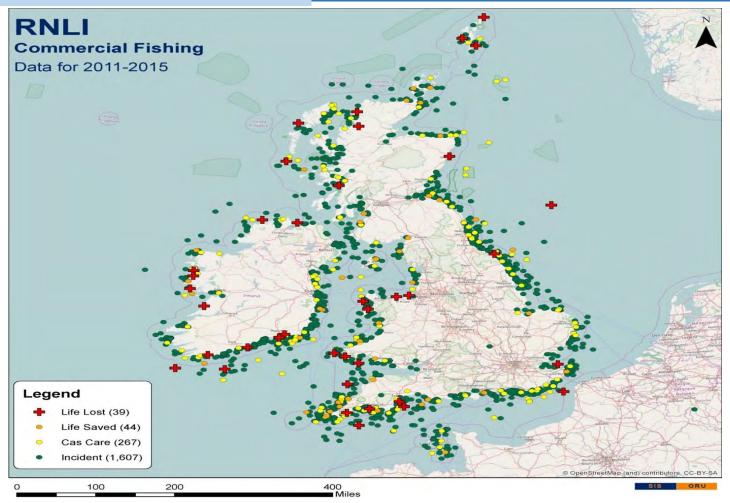


RNLI OBJECTIVES





Stats from Lifeboat Launches





IFISH5: International Fishing Industry Safety & Health Conference

Face to Face Research on pier with fishermen











Barriers to wearing PFD's

Comfort/Style



Cost



Spinlock Deckvest 5D Pro Sensor £189.00 from sailingclothingbargains.com

Spinlock Deckvest 5D Pro Sensor High specifica

Peer Pressure



Lack of risk awareness.



Motivators to Adoption

Comfort/Style Cost Spinlock £189.00 fr **European Union** Spinlock De European Structural and Investment Funds

Peer Pressure



Lack of risk awareness



June 10, 2018

Product Demonstration and development











Partner engagement



Maritime & Coastguard Agency

Fishermen



Safety Equipment Manufacturers



FLAGS



Harbour Masters



Media

Consistency is key



Prove it!

We needed to prove:

- Cold water shock
- Body cooling

- Swimming Ability
- 10 minutes time limit

So we invited 16 fishermen to the RNLI to experience this!

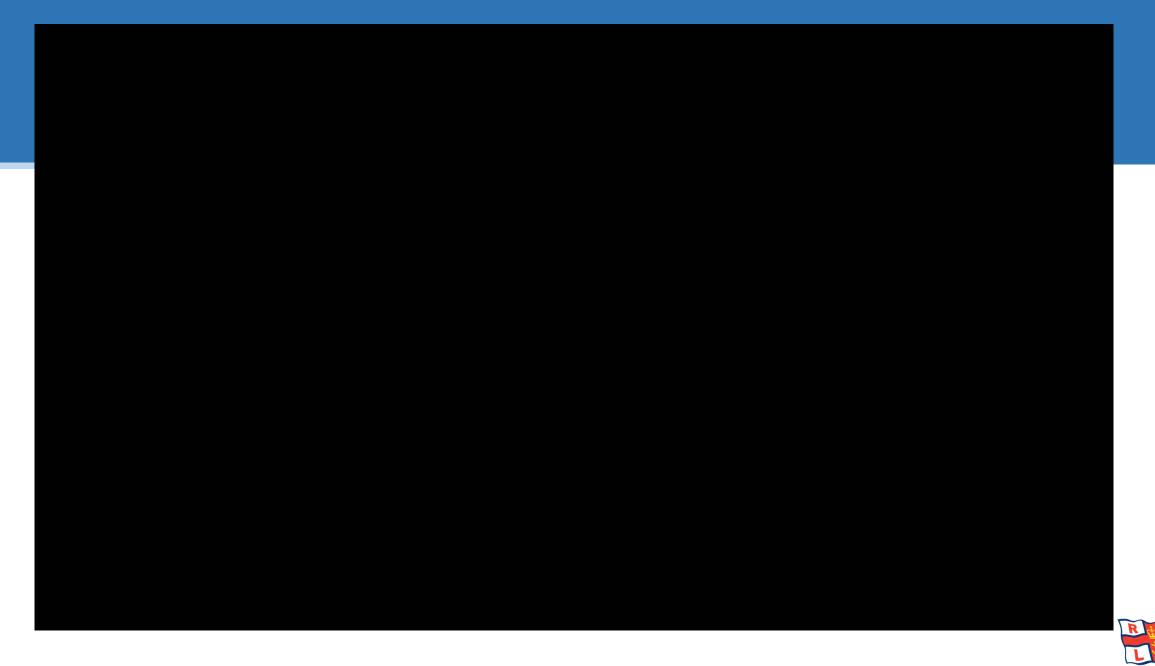












PFD Sustained Behavior Change









Changing Commercial Fishing Personal Flotation Use Behavior

What can we learn from efforts to address the most important safety technology adoption challenge of our time?



Marketing Safety and Health Among Vietnamese Commercial Fishermen

Ann Carruth, RN, DNS

Dean, College of Nursing and Health Sciences
Southeastern Louisiana University

Jeff Levin MD, MSPH

Director, Southwest Center for Agricultural Health,
Injury Prevention and Education

Sr. VP, Academic Affairs/Provost, UT Health Science Center at Tyler





Partnerships and Collaborators

- Karen Gilmore, MPH, Southwest Center for Ag Health, Injury Prevention and Education
- Julie Sorensen, PhD, Northeast Center for Agricultural Health
- Thu Bui, Assistant Marine Agent, LSU Sea Grant
- Bill Evert, USCG Commercial Fishing Vessel Safety examiner
- Scott Labak, USCG Commercial Fishing Vessel Safety examiner
- Robert Perkins, USCG Commercial Fishing Vessel Safety examiner
- Jennifer Lincoln, PhD, Associate Director for Science, Western States Division, NIOSH
- Cyndi Nguyen, VIET
- Paul Barnard, USCG Commercial Fishing Vessel Safety examiner
- Harry March, USCG Commercial Fishing Vessel Safety examiner
- Phillip Hand, USCG Commercial Fishing Vessel Safety examiner
- Lisanne Brown, LPHI Evaluation
- Tiffany Scuderi, Director Media and Communications, LPHI



Fatal Falls Overboard

United States, 2000-2016, N = 204

- 27% of all work-related deaths in the commercial fishing industry
- Most frequent on East Coast (62; 30.4%)
- Followed by Gulf of Mexico (GoM) (60; 29.4%)
- Gulf of Mexico shrimp fishery had highest number (34, 16.7%)

Case SL, Lincoln JM, Lucas DL. Fatal Falls Overboard in Commercial Fishing — United States, 2000–2016. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2018;67:465–469.

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.mm6716a2.





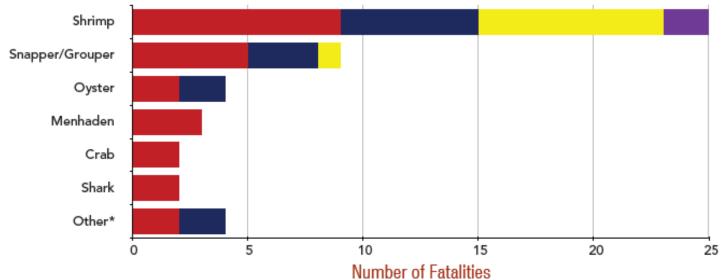
Risks Vary by Fishery

- GoM shrimp fishermen
 - Falls overboard
- Northeast groundfish
 - 50% instability due to hauling net and flooding
- Northeast scallop fleet
 - Instability, gear caught on the bottom and collisions
- Alaska salmon
 - 25% of fatalities occurred on set net skiffs
- Westcoast Dungeness crab
 - 100% heavy weather and many while crossing bar



Figure 3 Comi





*Other fleets are those that experienced a single fatality during 2010-2014; crawfish, other shellfish, mullet, and other pelagic.

Source: https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/2017-174/pdf/2017-174.pdf



GoM Obstacles and Barriers to:

-occupational safety and health research -adoption/acquisition of safety messages/skills

Internal

- Culture/language
- Fatalism
- Trust versus respect for authority and opinion leaders
- Pride/embarrassment pre-empting English communication



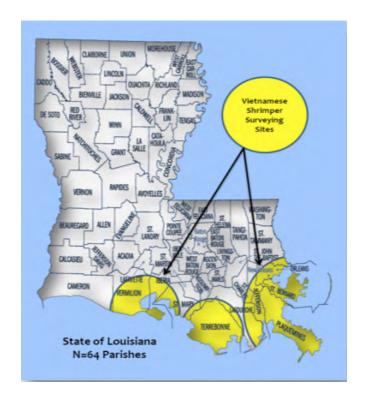
- Peaks/troughs of work versus boredom
- Economic equipment, fuel
- Regulatory fishing season, U.S. Coast Guard, vessel operations, inspection and training requirements
- Timing logistics/availability
- Weather events and disasters





PFD Intervention Objective and Target Population

To develop a social marketing campaign to increase PFD usage among Vietnamese shrimpers





Research Methods

Design and test a multimodal social marketing intervention campaign to increase vessel safety and risk mitigation behaviors among Vietnamese shrimp fishermen.

- Establish audience research to enhance understanding of the target audience's characteristics, attitudes, beliefs, values, behaviors, determinants, benefits and barriers, and preferred communication channels for influencing adoption of vessel safety and risk mitigation behaviors.
- Use audience research to plan market strategy, and pilot test, revise and launch a social marketing campaign.
- Evaluate social marketing intervention impact on vessel safety.



Barriers to PFD Adoption

- Cost
- Bulky
- Too big
- Get in the way of work
- Hot
- Entanglement
- Inevitable predetermination and Inability to control environment
 - Fatalistic view of life If Man Overboard happens, it is inevitable and predetermined and out of one's control





Motivators to PFD Adoption

- Family
 - Working provides economic means for families.



- Captain/Coast Guard
 - Would wear if captain tells me to wear and if everyone else tells me to wear.
 - "If the coast guard doesn't approve it then we can't use it. When they approve it then it's ok."
- Perceived High Risk
 - Important to wear during bad weather, working alone, transferring between boats.
 - "When we have the radio saying there will be stormy weather,
 - we all have to wear a life jacket on the boat. And also when pulling
 - the nets we definitely have to wear it."



Social Marketing Campaign: Testing and Evaluating the Message

- Intervention Approach: Partnership with VIET, USCG, LPHI
- Development of the message and visual aspects of the campaign: relevant and impactful
 - Three captain focus groups were conducted:
 - four captains, held in one of the captain's homes in Abbeville
 - two captains, held in a captain's home in New Orleans
 - four captains, held in a captain's home in New Orleans
 - Three deckhand interviews were also conducted:
 - five deckhands, held in one of the deckhand's homes in Abbeville
 - three deckhands, held at a Vietnamese-owned business (Theresa's Seafood in Chalmette)
 - two deckhands, held in a deckhand's home in New Orleans
- Key topics of discussion included: (1) immediate reactions to the creative campaign, (2) perceptions of the intended message of the campaign, and (3) considerations for implementing the campaign. The moderators summarized key points into English at the end of each discussion topic. Each session lasted approximately 45 minutes.



Captains Evaluation of the Message

- The captains reported that the poster suggests that the captain's responsibility is to take care of the crew by enforcing the use of PFDs. They noted that "safety is a must" and that it "motivates everyone" to wear the PFD for "their own safety."
- Captain perceptions of poster shortcomings:
 - image does not illustrate the front of the PFD, so a viewer of the poster does not know what essential features a PFD should include, such as a whistle, a reflector on the back, or a flash light to alert the Coast Guard.
 - colors in the image are unsuitable; the color of the water, for example, "should be blue" so that the man in the water is easier to spot, and the color on the back of the PFD should be reflective, since the eye is drawn to the ring float on the boat rather than to the man wearing the PFD in the water.
 - bottom of the poster is difficult to see.
 - white-bottom ad is more visually appealing because the dark text is stark against the background.



Deckhands Evaluation of the Message

- The **deckhands** said that the poster evokes positive feelings of family, and reminds them of their commitment to the livelihoods of their families; one respondent said that if he could not work, his "family will suffer because they depend on me for their eating and shelter."
- They perceived that the poster had a message not only speaking to the physical safety of the crew member, but also to the family's feelings of safety as the boat departs from the dock. They said that they appreciated the colors, choice of words, and images of family. The deckhands also reported that the posters made them feel motivated to wear the PFD for safety.
- Some deckhands seemed confused about the device the men in both posters were wearing; one respondent said that he remembered "the guy wearing something orange," and another asked, "What is the orange thing on his body?"
 - Like the captains, many deckhands suggested altering the illustration of the water to a more realistic color (blue), add reflective tape and to make the text at the bottom of the posters easier to read.
 - They also preferred the poster with the white bottom.







Rơi xuống biển ở vùng Vịnh mà không mặc áo phao sẽ chết người.

Khi làm việc, Bạn cần phải mặc áo phao để được an toan.



Going overboard in the Gulf without a life jacket is deadly.

You need to wear a life jacket to be safe while working.



Bạn cần toàn bộ nhân viên trên tầu được an toàn để mang lại tất cả lợi nhuận



Hầu hết các trường hợp tử vong ở vùng Vịnh xảy ra vi không mặc áo phao khi rơi xuống biển.

Khuyến khích các nhân viên trên tầu luôn mặc áo phao để giữ họ được an toàn.



You need your whole crew to be safe to bring in profits.



Most deaths in the Gulf occur from not wearing a life jacket when going overboard.

Keep your crew intact, encourage your deckhands to wear their life jackets at all times.



Branded message grass roots distribution







Stakeholder Engagement and Overcoming Barriers

- With survey development/assessment, use their "language" shrimping rather than commercial shrimp fishing.
- Listen to community partnerships.
- Build Trust Be Visible (e.g., attend annual blessing of the fleet).
- Establish credibility in direct and indirect topic areas (e.g., health screenings), demonstrate experience.
- Participate as a community member and build personal relationships (e.g., USCG attend Vietnamese weddings).
- Enhance knowledge and skills; provide resources.



Conclusions - 1

 Culture plays a significant role in attitudes/beliefs among Vietnamese shrimp fishermen of the Gulf, and may influence behaviors that are risk factors for fatal and non-fatal injuries. In particular, commercial fishing industry leaders are able to influence behaviors and practices

among fishermen.



Conclusions - 2

 Culturally appropriate training and awareness measures combined with recognizing normative influences can favorably alter attitudes, beliefs, and behavioral intent related to workplace safety in this population of Vietnamese shrimp fishermen along the Gulf Coast. This includes not only opinion leaders among commercial fishermen, but also authority figures such as the USCG.





Conclusions - 3

 Community participatory methods such as selection of priorities for workplace intervention can be an effective strategy for translating research findings into practice.





EDUCATION

Three key observations which are vitally important to increasing PFD use:

- Need adoption of socio-ecological model, including governmental regulation.
- Wide variety of PFDs for purchase need to be more readily available.
- USCG approval process should be expedited.



Changing Commercial Fishing Personal Flotation Use Behavior

What can we learn from efforts to address the most important safety technology adoption challenge of our time?



Nova Scotia's Approach to Fishing Safety

Amanda Dedrick, Executive Director Fisheries Safety Association of Nova Scotia



Man Overboard Drills - Background

- Concept started in 2012
- Offered opportunity to educate on OHS requirements, TC safety equipment and PFD's
- Focus was to increase awareness around PFD'S and safety drills on board
- Goal was to visit each commercial fishing wharf in Nova Scotia (est 156 wharfs)
- There has been a total of 136 drills completed



Man Overboard Drills - MAP



Challenges with PFD's

- Design of PFD
- Chaffing
- Catching pull cord
- Durability

- Bulky
- Sizing
- Understanding the regulations and approvals



Research efforts

- Focus groups to discuss design with manufacturers
- Testing on devices not currently approved
- ❖ Talking to fishermen about why or why not they are wearing their PFD's
- Discussions with manufacturers about getting approvals to fit our regulations
- ❖ Always looking to see what is new and on the market



Personal Floatation Devices (PFD's)



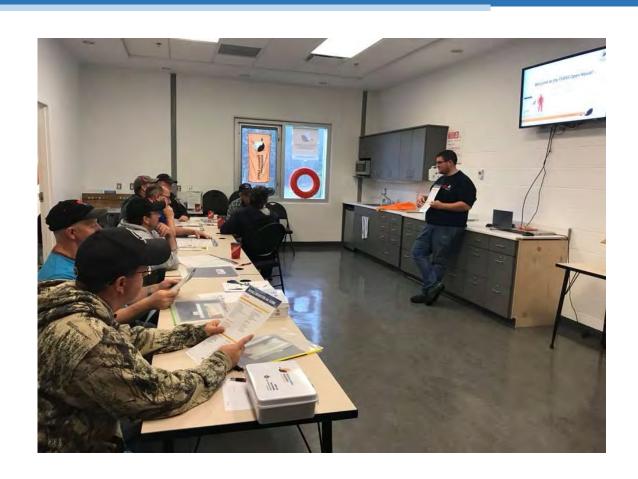


What is Working

- Wharfside presence
- ONE wharf, ONE boat, ONE workplace, ONE person at a time
- Bringing manufactures and fishermen together
- ❖ PFD bags to encourage discussions
- Develop easy to use tools ie checklists, logbooks
- Engaging the younger generations
- Working together, Fishing Safety Now
- ❖Social Media



What is Working





Wear It For Me Campaign

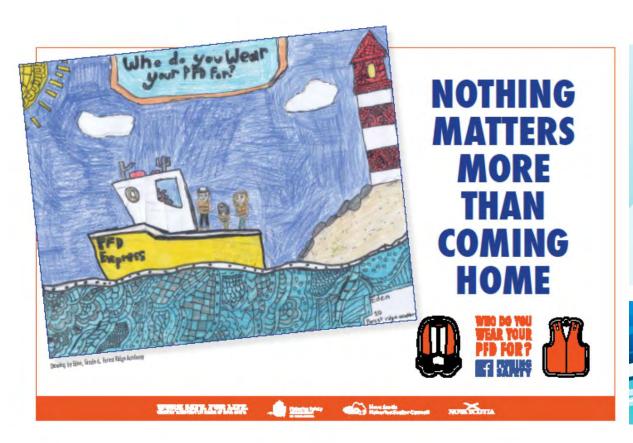


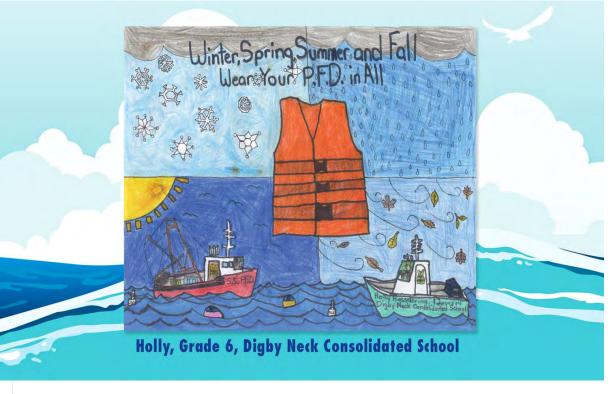
Making the Pledge

"Make Safety a Habit" – Involve Family, Community



Poster Contest





Fishing Safety Now

- *Fishing Safety Now is an Industry led initiative
- It is a safety plan by and for Nova Scotia's fishing industry
- The plan has recommendations designed to grow workplace safety in the industry.
- *The plan was released to the public on June 4, 2015.
- *FSANS and NSFSC were asked to co-lead the delivery of the plan.
- In 2015 FSANS/NSFSC designed an implementation strategy.
- Year one began in 2016







Are You R-E-A-D-Y

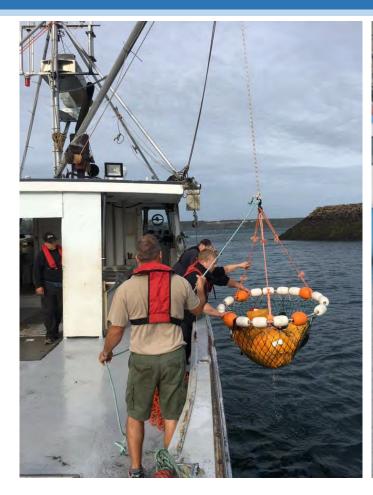


- Fishing Safety Now allowed us to formalize and brand the Are you READY program
- ❖ Real Emergency Action Drills Yearly
- Opportunity to showcase PFD's solids vs inflatables
- Educate on features and maintenance of PFD'S
- Discuss regulations
- Goal to encourage fishermen to conduct drills

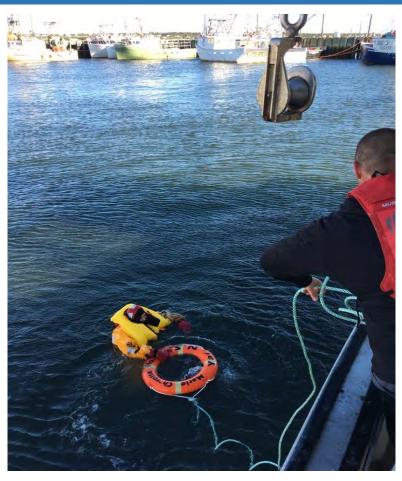


Are You R-E-A-D-Y





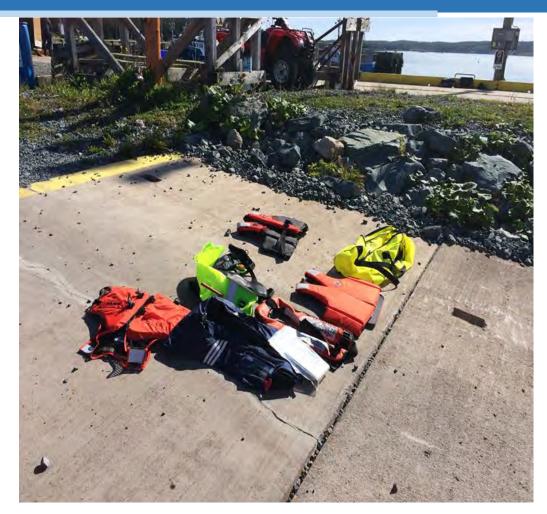




IFISH5: International Fishing Industry Safety & Health Conference

Are You R-E-A-D-Y







IFISH5: International Fishing Industry Safety & Health Conference



Changing Commercial Fishing Personal Flotation Use Behavior

What can we learn from efforts to address the most important safety technology adoption challenge of our time?





Life Jackets for Lobstermen

The Northeast Center for Occupational Health and Safety

Principal Investigator: Julie Sorensen

Biostatistician: Paul Jenkins

Research Coordinators: Rebecca Weil & Liane Hirabayashi

Research Assistant: Jessica Echard

Collaborators: Commercial Lobstermen, Fishing Partnership Support Services, McMillan Offshore Survival Training, MA and ME Lobstermen Associations

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AMERICAN JOURNAL OF INDUSTRIAL MEDICINE 59:73-80 (2016)

The Use of Personal Flotation Devices in the Northeast Lobster Fishing Industry: An Examination of the Decision-Making Process

R. Weil, MS, ^{1*} K. Pinto, Edo, ² J. Lincoln, PhD, ³ M. Hall-Arber, PhD, ⁴ and J. Sorensen, PhD, ¹

Background This study explored perspectives of Northeast commercial lobstermen to the new of nervennel flatestion devices (PFDx). Researchers south to identify Background This study explored perspectives of Northeast commercial lobstermen regarding the use of personal flotation devices (PFDs), Researchers sought to identify and markature that sould lead to incommend was of

regarding the use of personal flotation devices (PFDs). Researchers sought to identify personal flotation devices that could lead to increased use of Methods This qualitative research (n = 72) included 25 commercial fishermen who

Results The results showed substantial barriers to PFD use Fishermen described themselves to have a substantial barriers to property with the second substantial barriers to property to the second second substantial barriers to property to prove the barriers described to the second Results The results showed substantial barriers to PFD use Fishermen described themselves as being proactive about sufery whenever possible, but described a near warring PFD_k Kov factors integrable find with the monselves as being proactive about safety whenever passible, but described a longitunding tradition of not wearing PFDs Key factors integrally linked with the dack of PFD use were workability identity/social stigma, and risk diffusion.

Conclusion Future sifety interventions will need to address significant barriers to PFD and the standard of the significant barriers to PFD. Conclusion Future safety interventions will need to address significant barriers to PFD use that include issues of comfort and ease of use, as well as social acceptability of PFDs and recommendation of sixth non-continuous related to fathe accordance. Am 11nd Most 50-77, 80 use that include issues of comfort and ease of use, as well as social acceptability of PFDs and social acceptability of PFDs and social acceptability of PFDs and State of the Democraticals. Inc.

KEY WORDS: personal flotation device; falls overboard; drowning; occupational

INTRODUCTION

Drowning is the leading cause of death among Commercial fishermen in the United States and often occurs commercial usuermen in the Omero States and onen occurs after a vessel disaster or a fall overboard [Lincoln and Lucas.] 2010]. Commercial fishing has had one of the highest fatality rates of any occupation. From 2000 to 2013, a total of 665

The Northwast Center for Occupational Health and Safety Agriculture, Forestry and Fancing Bassest Healthcare Network, Cooperations, New York, Engine Parts of the Cooperation Association New York, Agriculture of Cooperation Association (New York), Agriculture of Cooperation (New York), Agric Africa Bassell Healthcare Network Cooperations, New York

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Astronomy, Campidge, Massachuseriti MI See Dank Messachuseth Indicate of Technology, Cambridge Massachuseth Carre-Goodens for Rebocca Wall MS OTHER, the Not these Center for Occupation, American and Science Accounts for Select Accounts for Se Correspondence to Rebecca Wat, MS, DTPV1, the Northwest Center for Occupation, a Health and Safety: Agriculture, Forestry and Finding Bassett Health Cooperation, NY, 13326. E. mad. well 22:06 gmail.com

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fishermen died, 336 from vessel disasters and 198 from astermen area, 330 nom vesser asserters and 198 aron falling overboard. None of the victims who died from falling naming overboard, rome or the vicinis who used from failing overboard were wearing a personal flotation device (PFD)

OSH, 2010].
Pollnac et al. [1995] and Poggie and Pollnac [1997] FORTIER et al. [1392] and FORTIE and FORTIER [1397] assert that many fishermen believe danger affects other assert that many isonermen believe danger anects orner careless fishermen, presenting what the authors term the caretess usnermen, presenting what the authors term the denial and trivialization" of risk. Although they may deny their own personal risk for an injury or accident Incir own personal risk for an injury or accidental Northeast U.S. fishermen are most concerned about fulls Normeast U.S. fishermen are most concerned about tans overboard versus other dangers (e.g., fires). Yet, selfovernourd versus orner oungers (e.g., mes), tet, seu-reported ppD use by fishermen attending safety training reported FFD use by insurrmen attenuing surery training courses in Massachusetts is fairly low with 78% across courses in Massachusetts is airry low with 1070 across fisheries and 84% of lobstermen (n=19) reporting not is neries and $\delta 4\%$ or ionstermen (n = 19) reporting not wearing a PFD (n = 186). Although PFD use is low, these wearing a FFD (u = 1000). Among FFD has as may measure that on a scale of l = 10 (with 10 being most Similar contrasts between perceived risk and safety were

sum nar contrasts netween perceiven risk and satety were noted in a study of risk perception among Norwegian offshore



Target Population: Commercial Lobster Fishermen from ME and MA

Objective #1: Identify comfortable life jacket designs

Objective #2: Accelerometers as objective measure of lifejacket use

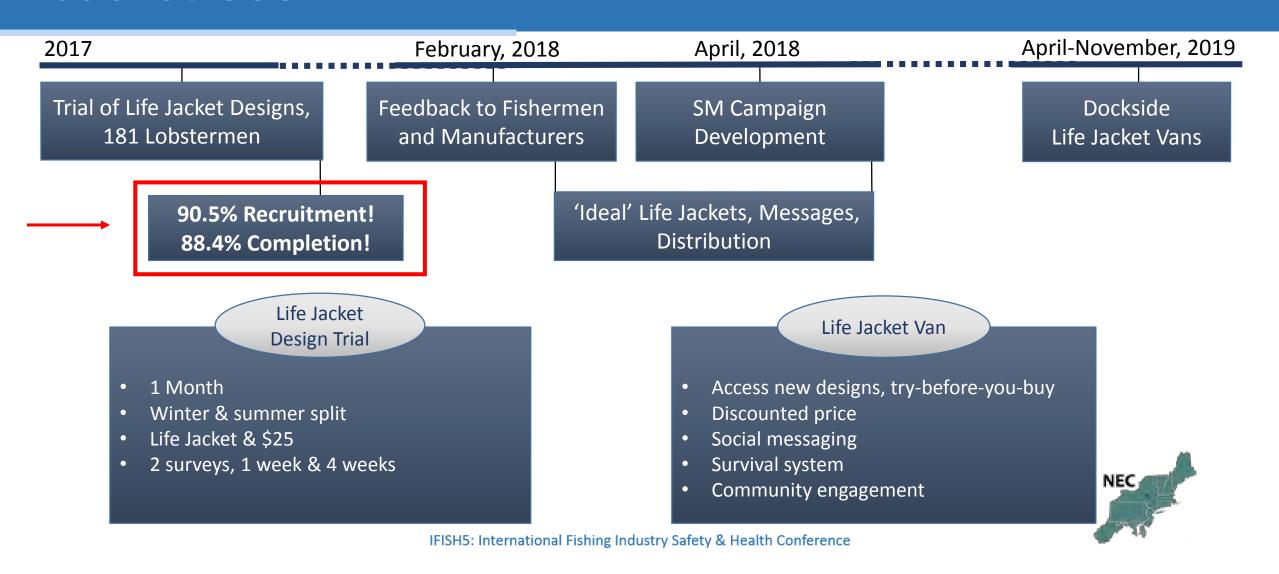
Objective #3: Social marketing campaign to remove barriers to life jacket use

Objective #4: Evaluate fishermen's Stage of Change-are they using life jackets?





Research Methods: Removing Barriers to Life Jacket Use







Mustang Survival MD 5283 Elite 38 38lbs



Mullion Compact Wipe Clean 150N



Spinlock Deckvest DURO 170N



Stormline 662 Flotation Bib 11lb



Kent Safety Products First Responder Vest 15.5lb



Quatic Inflatable Rashguard 12-15lb



Mustang Survival MD 3075 Inflatable Belt Pack 38lb

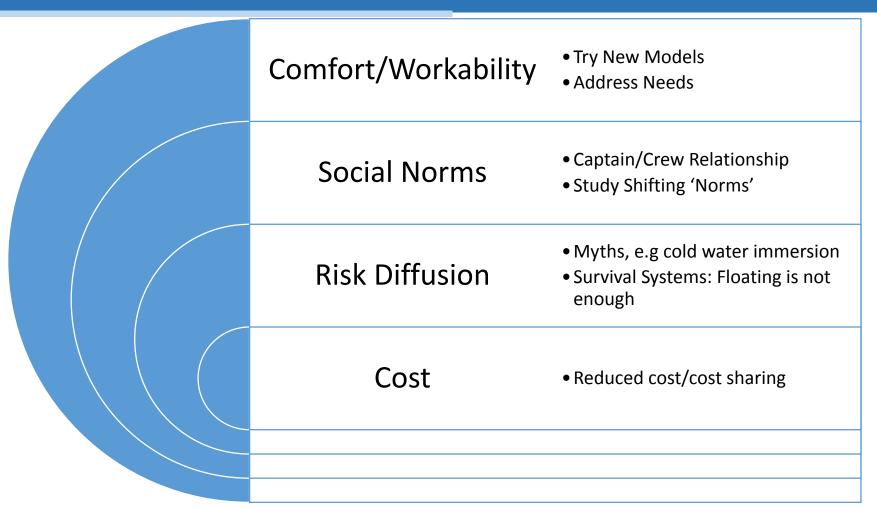


Hyde Sportswear Wingman 22.5lb



Kent Safety Products
Rogue II Vest
12lb
NEC

Barriers to Life Jacket Adoption





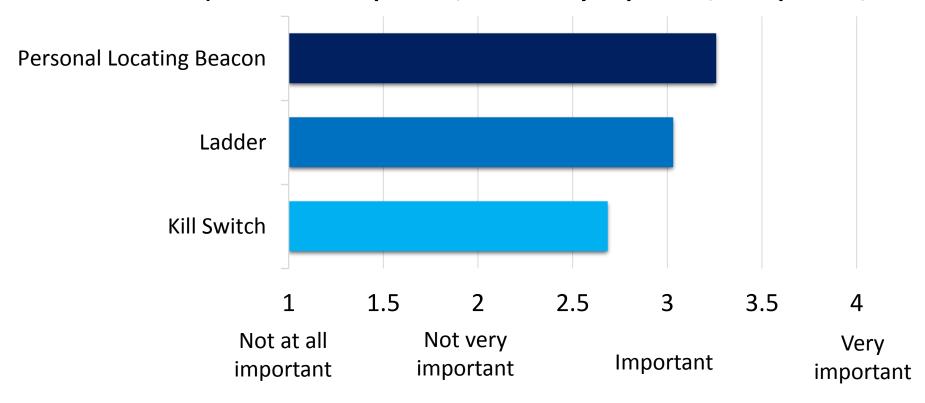
NEC:



Potential Motivators to Life Jacket Adoption

Importance of:

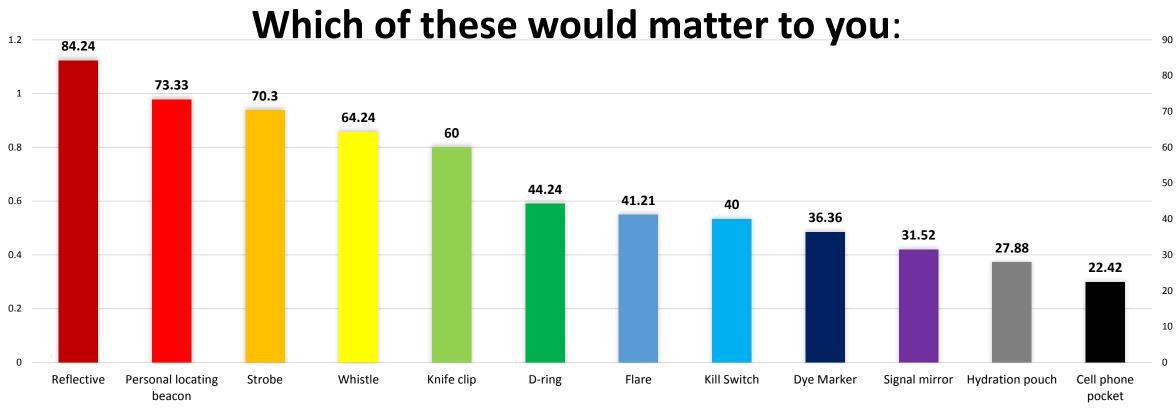
(1=Not at all important, 2=Not very important, 3=Important, 4=Very important)



55% said devices would encourage life jacket use!



Potential Motivators to Life Jacket Adoption



*Note: Only cell phone pocket and hydration pouch showed significantly different scores between summer and winter



Potential Motivators to Life Jacket Adoption

Listening!
 Acknowledging issues and solutions

New designs
 Surprise & relief

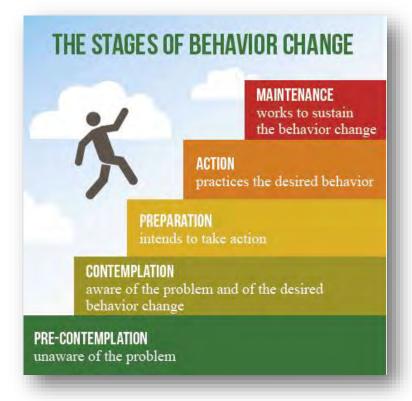
Study shifts norms
 Study offers safe uptake

Responsive
 Fishermen & community engagement



Intervention Approach: Evaluating Change

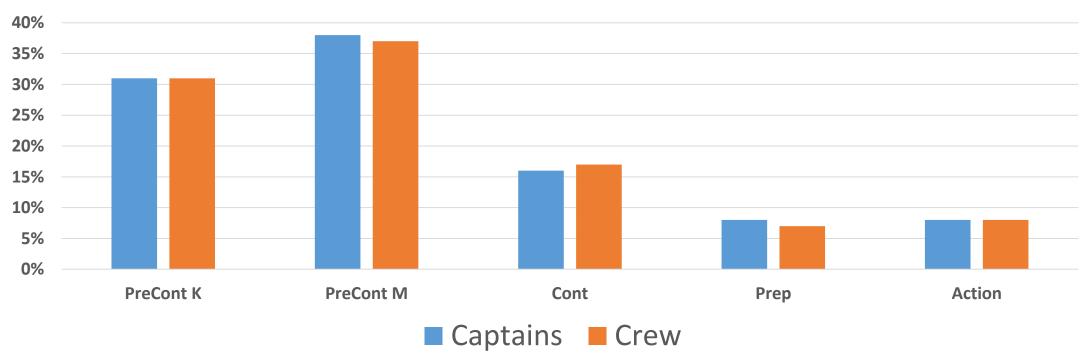
- ✓ Randomized surveys before and after life jacket social marketing campaign
- ✓ Ports in MA and ME-alternating treatment and control
- ✓ Stage of Change measured at baseline and follow-up in both groups





Baseline Randomized Survey: ME and MA Lobster Fishermen

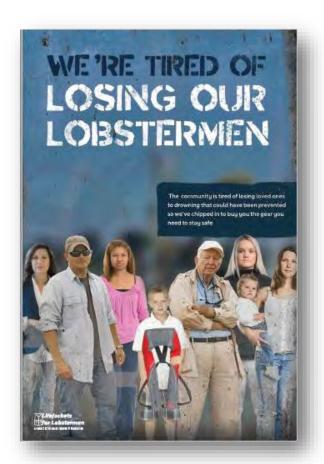
SOC PFD Scores for Captains and Crew





Intervention Approach: Promotion







Intervention Approach: Price







Intervention Approach: Place





1 Unread Message

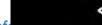
I will! I wear that Wingman every day from leaving the truck till I get back. It functions handily as a warm garment in the critical area of the neck/ chest. If it gets warm in my pullover, I switch to elastic pvc sleeves and it makes a dandy complement to my work clothes, allowing perspiration to evaporate freely during strenuous activity. Bridges the oft-occurring gap between peeling out to a t-shirt and puttin a top on cuz it's getting cool. The everyday conditions of ANY day on the water. Have gotten quite used to it and am very glad I stopped and spoke w you on the Fish Pier that day. Have yet to discover any flaws in the device.

Type a message...











Product...

Stakeholder Engagement

















STORMLINE



























Special thanks to: Jennifer Lincoln, Ted Teske, Devin Lucas & Samantha Case of NIOSH, & NEC Advisory Boards

Three key observations which are vitally important to increasing PFD use.

#1: Fishermen are creating the solutions - the fishermen have good ideas and are making safety choices daily

#2: Fishermen like to hear directly from their peers - about what works and what doesn't

#3: It's important to remove the barriers and to make life jacket use rewarding and easy!!

Thanks for joining us! Questions?



